person (defined in §416.222) in the household. reduced by the amount of countable income of the eligible individual or eligible couple as explained in §416.420. A qualified individual will receive an increment of \$2,016 per year (\$168 per month) after rounding, effective for the period beginning January 1, 1986. This rate is the result of a 3.1 percent cost-of-living adjustment (see §416.405) to the December 1985 rate, and is for each essential person (as defined in §416.222) living in the household of a qualified individual. (See §416.532.) For the period January 1, 1985 through December 31, 1985, the rate payable, as increased by the 3.5 percent cost-of-living adjustment, was \$1,956 (\$163 per month). For the period January 1, 1984 through December 31, 1984, the rate payable, as increased by the 3.5 percent cost-of-living adjustment, was \$1,884 per year (\$157 per month). For the period July 1, 1983, through December 31, 1983, the rate was \$1,830 per year (\$152.50 per month), as provided by the Social Security Amendments of 1983 (Pub. L. 98-21, section 401). For the period July 1, 1982, through June 30, 1983, the rate, as increased by the 7.4 percent cost-of-living adjustment, was \$1,710 yearly (\$142.50 monthly). The total benefit rate, including the increment, is reduced by the amount of the individual's or couple's income that is not excluded pursuant to subpart K of this part.

[51 FR 12606, Apr. 21, 1986]

§416.414 Amount of benefits; eligible individual or eligible couple in a medical care facility.

(a) General rule. Except where the §416.212 provisions provide for payment of benefits at the rates specified under §§ 416.410 and 416.412, reduced SSI benefits are payable to persons and couples who are in medical care facilities where more than 50 percent of the cost of their care is paid by a State plan under title XIX of the Social Security Act (Medicaid). This reduced SSI benefit rate also applies to persons who are in medical care facilities where more than 50 percent of the cost would have been paid by an approved Medicaid State plan but for the application of section 1917(c) of the Social Security Act due to a transfer of assets for less than fair market value. Persons and couples to whom these reduced benefits apply are-

(1) Those who are otherwise eligible and who are in the medical care facility throughout a month (By throughout a month we mean that you are in the

medical care facility as of the beginning of the month and stay the entire month. If you are in a medical care facility you will be considered to have continuously been staying there if you are transferred from one medical care facility to another or if you are temporarily absent for a period of not more than 14 consecutive days.); and

- (2) Those who reside for part of a month in a public institution and for the rest of the month are in a public or private medical care facility where Medicaid pays or would have paid (but for the application of section 1917(c) of the Act) more than 50 percent of the cost of their care.
- (b) The benefit rates are—(1) Eligible individual. For months after June 1988, the benefit rate for an eligible individual with no eligible spouse is \$30 per month. The benefit payment is figured by subtracting the eligible individual's countable income (see subpart K) from the benefit rate as explained in §416.420.
- (2) Eligible couple both of whom are temporarily absent from home in medical care facilities as described in \$416.1149(c)(1). For months after June 1988, the benefit rate for a couple is \$60 a month. The benefit payment is figured by subtracting the couple's countable income (see subpart K) from the benefit rate as explained in \$416.420.
- (3) Eligible couple with one spouse who is temporarily absent from home as described in §416.1149(c)(1). The couple's benefit rate equals:
- (i) For months after June 1988, \$30 per month for the spouse in the medical care facility; plus
- (ii) The benefit rate for an eligible individual (see §416.410) for the spouse who is not in the medical care facility. The benefit payment for each spouse is figured by subtracting each individual's own countable income in the appropriate month (see §416.420) from his or her portion of the benefit rate shown in paragraphs (b)(3)(i) and (ii).
- (c) *Definition.* For purposes of this section a *medical care facility* means a hospital (see section 1861(e) of the Act), a skilled nursing facility (see section 1861(j) of the Act) or an intermediate

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care facility (see section 1905(c) of the Act).

[47 FR 3106, Jan. 22, 1982, as amended at 50 FR 48571, Nov. 26, 1985; 50 FR 51514, Dec. 18, 1985; 54 FR 19164, May 4, 1989; 58 FR 64894, Dec. 10, 1993; 60 FR 16374, Mar. 30, 1995; 61 FR 10278. Mar. 13, 1996]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 61 FR 10278, Mar. 13, 1996, in §416.414, paragraph (a) introductory text was revised, effective May 13, 1996. For the convenience of the reader, the superseded text is set forth below.

§ 416.414 Amount of benefits; eligible individual or eligible couple in a medical care facility.

(a) General rule. There is a reduced SSI benefit rate for persons who are in medical care facilities where more than 50 percent of the cost of their care is paid under a State plan approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act (Medicaid). This reduced SSI benefit rate also applies to persons who are in medical care facilities where more than 50 percent of the cost of care would have been paid under an approved Medicaid State plan but for the application of section 1917(c) of the Act due to a transfer of assets for less than fair market value. Persons to whom this benefit rate applies are—

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§416.415 Amount of benefits; eligible individual is disabled child under age 18.

(a) If you are a disabled child under age 18 and meet the conditions in §416.1165(i) for waiver of deeming, your parents' income will not be deemed to you and your benefit rate will be \$30 a month.

(b) If you are a disabled child under age 18 and do not meet the conditions in §416.1165(i) only because your parents' income is not high enough to make you ineligible for SSI but deeming of your parents' income would result in an SSI benefit less than the amount payable if you received benefits as a child under §416.1165(i), your benefit will be the amount payable if you received benefits as a child under §416.1165(i).

[60 FR 361, Jan. 4, 1995]

§416.420 Determination of benefits; general.

Benefits shall be determined for each month. The amount of the monthly payment will be computed by reducing the benefit rate (see §§416.410, 416.412, 416.413, and 416.414) by the amount of countable income as figured under the rules in subpart K of this part. The appropriate month's countable income to be used to determine how much your benefit payment will be for the current month (the month for which a benefit is payable) will be determined as follows:

(a) General rule. We use the amount of your countable income in the second month prior to the current month to determine how much your benefit amount will be for the current month. However, if you have been receiving an SSI benefit and receiving a social security insurance benefit and the latter is increased on the basis of the cost-ofliving adjustment or because your benefit is recomputed, we will compute the amount of your SSI benefit for January, the month of an SSI benefit increase by including in your income the amount by which your social security benefit in January exceeds the amount of your social security benefit in November. Similarly, we will compute the amount of your SSI benefit for February by including in your income the amount by which your social security benefit in February exceeds the amount of your social security benefit in December.

Example 1. Mrs. X's benefit amount is being determined for September (the current month). Mrs. X's countable income in July is used to determine the benefit amount for September.

Example 2. Mr. Y's SSI benefit amount is being determined for January (the current month). Mr. Y has social security income of \$100 in November, \$100 in December, and \$105 in January. We find the amount by which his social security income in January exceeds his social security income in November (\$5) and add that to his income in November to determine the SSI benefit amount for January.

(b) Exceptions to the general rule—(1) First month of eligibility or eligibility after a month of ineligibility. We use your countable income in the current month to determine your benefit amount for the first month you are eligible for SSI benefits or for the first month you become eligible for SSI benefits after at least a month of ineligibility. Your payment for such month will be prorated according to the number of days in the month that you are